CHAPTER 5
CONCLUSION

Humans are inherently social beings who rely heavily on communication, with language serving as a fundamental aspect of human life. As a primary medium of communication, language facilitates the expression of concepts, perspectives, and knowledge. Beyond mere information exchange, language plays a crucial role in fostering positive social interactions, aiding individuals in adapting and integrating into their communities. The importance of language extends beyond communication, as it is essential for social integration and thriving within a community.

In the context of bilingualism, the ability to effectively use two languages enhances communication capabilities, enabling individuals to navigate diverse cultural and linguistic environments. The phenomena of code mixing and code switching exemplify the dynamic nature of language use in multilingual societies, showcasing how bilingual speakers employ language strategically in intercultural communication.

The study identified 34 instances of code mixing, with 19 being metaphorical and 15 situational. The higher prevalence of metaphorical code mixing suggests that speakers often blend languages to convey complex or emotional meanings rather than merely adapting to situational changes. Similarly, analysis reveals that metaphorical code switching occurs more frequently than situational code switching, with 10 out of 17 instances being metaphorical. This indicates that speakers tend to switch languages to enhance emotional depth or meaning rather than responding solely to contextual shifts.

Overall, the research demonstrates that the use of code mixing and code switching in bilingual communication is significantly influenced by the expressive and contextual needs of speakers. Metaphorical instances are more commonly employed for deeper emotional expression, while situational instances align with

contextual adaptation. This reflects the complex dynamics of language use in multilingual societies.

Future research should delve deeper into code switching and code mixing phenomena, especially within Indonesia's multilingual landscape. The interplay between Indonesian, foreign languages, and regional dialects presents a rich area for exploration, offering insights into language as a tool for social navigation, identity expression, and adaptation in multicultural contexts. These recommendations aim to encourage further academic inquiry in sociolinguistics and communication studies in Indonesia.